COLLECTIVE BARGAINING CHALLENGES IN A CHANGING AMERICAN ECONOMY

An Address

by

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BEING INVITED TO ADDRESS THE BROTHERHOOD

OF RAILWAY CARMEN IS A VERY PLEASANT

EXPERIENCE FOR ME. IT GIVES ME THE OPPORTUNITY

TO SEE OLD FRIENDS LIKE TONY KRAUSE. AND IT

BRINGS ME THE HONOR OF SPEAKING TO A UNION

WITH A LONG AND DISTINGUISHED HISTORY.

OF RAILWAY CARMEN WAS FOUNDED. THOSE FIRST ORGANIZERS HAD TO MEET SECRETLY AT NIGHT IN A SMOKING CAR TO WIN THE RIGHT TO UNIONIZE AND BARGAIN COLLECTIVELY.

TIMES HAVE CHANGED. NOW WE KNOW THAT SMOKING IS BAD FOR PERSONAL HEALTH -- AND THAT COLLECTIVE BARGAINING IS GOOD FOR THE HEALTH OF THE COUNTRY.

UNFORTUNATELY, A LOT OF PEOPLE STILL
KEEP RIGHT ON SMOKING. AND A LOT OF PEOPLE
STILL DISCOURAGE COLLECTIVE BARGAINING.

THE FEDERAL MEDIATION AND CONCILIATION

SERVICE AND THE BROTHERHOOD OF RAILWAY

CARMEN HAVE ONE THING IN COMMON. WE'RE

BOTH COMMITTED TO THE COLLECTIVE BARGAINING

PROCESS.

WE BOTH KNOW THAT BUILDING A WORKABLE
COLLECTIVE BARGAINING SYSTEM IS LIKE
BUILDING A FREIGHT CAR -- YOU HAVE TO START
WITH A SOLID STRUCTURE AND ADD TO IT.

YOUR UNION BUILT AN ORGANIZATION AROUND THREE BASIC CONCERNS: WAGES, HOURS AND WORKING CONDITIONS.

AS TIME PASSED, YOU HAVE STRENGTHENED THAT STRUCTURE. YOU HAVE EXPANDED YOUR NEGOTIATIONS TO COVER NEW RETIREMENT AND MEDICAL BENEFITS.

LIKE THE BROTHERHOOD OF RAILWAY CARMEN,
THE FEDERAL MEDIATION AND CONCILIATION
SERVICE IS EXPANDING ITS EFFORTS. WE HAVE
BUILT UPON A STRUCTURE THAT LABOR AND
MANAGEMENT IN THE RAILROAD INDUSTRY CREATED
FOR US -- THE RAILWAY LABOR ACT.

THAT ACT -- NOW APPROACHING ITS GOLDEN
ANNIVERSARY -- HAS BEEN THE FOUNDATION FOR
LABOR LAW IN AMERICA.

IT OPENED NEW GROUND IN DEALING WITH LABOR DISPUTES.

- -- IT ESTABLISHED MEDIATION AS A METHOD OF RESOLVING DISPUTES.
- -- IT SPECIFIED ARBITRATION AS THE MEANS OF SETTLING GRIEVANCES.
- -- IT INCLUDED FACT-FINDING AND THE USE OF EMERGENCY BOARD PROCEDURES.
- -- AND IT BROUGHT BOTH THE LEGISLATIVE AND EXECUTIVE BRANCHES OF THE FEDERAL GOVERN-MENT INTO PLAY, IN AN ATTEMPT TO AVOID LABOR DISPUTES THAT COULD CAUSE EMERGENCIES.

LABOR AND MANAGEMENT AGREED TO THE
PROVISIONS THAT BECAME THE BASIS OF THE
RAILWAY LABOR ACT. FOR 20 YEARS THE ACT WORKED
ALMOST PERFECTLY BECAUSE THE PARTIES WANTED
IT TO WORK. EMERGENCY BOARDS WERE ACTIVATED
ON THE AVERAGE OF ONLY TWICE EVERY THREE YEARS.

WHILE MANY BELIEVE THAT THE ACT HAS FALLEN FROM THIS STANDARD OF EXCELLENCE IN RECENT YEARS, IT REMAINS A CORNERSTONE IN THE SEARCH FOR NEW APPROACHES TO COLLECTIVE BARGAINING.

THE RAILROAD INDUSTRY TODAY IS UNDERGOING MONUMENTAL CHANGES. STRONG LINES HAVE MERGED TO BECOME STRONGER. WEAK LINES ARE FALLING INTO BANKRUPCY. TECHNOLOGICAL CHANGE HAS RATTLED THE TRADITIONAL MAKEUP OF THE WORK FORCE. THE FEDERAL GOVERNMENT IS OF NECESSITY INTENSIFYING ITS ROLE.

AND ECONOMIC REQUIREMENTS WILL FORCE AN INCREASE IN THE PACE OF GROWTH AND CHANGE IN THE RAILROAD INDUSTRY.

CONSEQUENTLY, IT IS ESSENTIAL THAT WE CONTINUE TO REVIEW AND STRENGTHEN COLLECT! VE BARGAINING PROCEDURES.

OUR GREAT NATION MUST MAINTAIN AN EFFICIENT, ECONOMICAL RAIL TRANSPORT SYSTEM TO MEET THE NEEDS OF A VIBRANT, MOBILE SOCIETY.

WE ARE CONFRONTED WITH A NUMBER OF SERIOUS PROBLEMS.

ARE NOT SAVED, MANY OF OUR SMALLER TOWNS

COULD WITHER AND DIE. COMMUNITIES LIKE

LACEYVILLE, PENNSYLVANIA -- WHERE THE RAILROAD

IS THE LIFELINE -- COULD BECOME GHOST TOWNS.

ACUTE BOXCAR SHORTAGES HAVE DEVELOPED.

SHORTAGES SO BAD THAT CALIFORNIA LUMBER

COMPANIES THAT NEED 80 BOXCARS A DAY TO

HANDLE SHIPMENTS RECEIVE JUST ONE LONELY CAR.

WHILE WE ARE WORKING TO SOLVE THESE
PROBLEMS, WE MUST DO OUR VERY BEST TO
MAINTAIN THE HIGHEST POSSIBLE DEGREE OF LABORMANAGEMENT COOPERATION.

YOUR NEW CONTRACT HOLDS THE PROMISE

OF LABOR PEACE IN THE NEAR FUTURE. WE MUST

WORK TO SECURE THAT PEACE IN THE FACE OF THE

CHALLENGES OF CHANGE THAT LIE AHEAD.

FROM THE WHEAT FARMER IN IOWA TO THE WALL STREET INVESTOR. . . FROM THE WORKER ON THE DETOIRT ASSEMBLY LINE TO THE COMMUTER IN NEW JERSEY. . . ALL OF AMERICA IS DEPENDING NOW MORE THAN EVER ON THE RAILROADS.

WE MUST DO ALL WE CAN TO AVOID LABOR STOPPAGES.

EVERYONE WHO HAS POUNDED A PICKET LINE
AND GONE WITHOUT PAYDAYS KNOWS THAT STRIKES
HURT.

EVERY INVESTOR WHO HAS SEEN PROFITS VANISH KNOWS THAT STRIKES HURT.

AND THE THIRD PARTY VICTIMS -- THE FAMILIES OF STRIKERS AND INVESTORS, THE SHIPPERS AND EVEN THE TAX COLLECTORS, THEY KNOW THAT STRIKES HURT.

WE ARE PAID FOR OUR PRODUCTIVITY.
WHEN IT STOPS, WE'RE IN TROUBLE.

EVEN THOUGH WE ARE GOING THROUGH A

PERIOD OF RELATIVELY STABLE LABOR-MANAGEMENT

RELATIONS, I HAVE DOUBTS THAT THE DAY OF THE

STRIKE IS ENDING. NOR DO I THINK STRIKES

SHOULD NECESSARILY END. BECAUSE AS DISTASTEFUL

AS THEY ARE, STRIKES STILL REPRESENT A FREEDOM

OF ACTION CHERISHED BY WORKERS.

YOUR RECENT 63-DAY STRIKE AGAINST THE PORT AUTHORITY TRANS HUDSON RAILROAD SHOWED THAT.

BUT I FEEL THAT ALL OF US HAVE A DUTY TO SEARCH FOR METHODS THAT WILL REDUCE THE NEED FOR STRIKES AND LOCKOUTS.

IT'S OUR RESPONSIBILITY TO SEE THAT
ESSENTIAL SERVICES THAT AFFECT THE NATION'S
HEALTH AND SAFETY ARE CONTINUALLY PROVIDED.

IN THAT SEARCH, WE MUST MAKE SURE THAT THE CURE ISN'T WORSE THAN THE DISEASE. WE MUST STEP GINGERLY AROUND ALL FORMS OF COMPULSION.

NO ONE WANTS TO REVERT TO THE CONDITIONS

THAT A CENTURY AGO FOUND FEDERAL TROOPS BREAKIN

A STRIKE BY RAILROADERS WHO WERE OBJECTING TO

TAKING A 10 PERCENT PAY CUT. ONE HUNDRED WORKER

WERE KILLED IN THAT CONFRONTATION.

NO ONE WANTS TO REVERT TO THE CONDITION

THAT EXISTED IN CHICAGO NEARLY 80 YEARS AGO

WHEN FEDERAL TROOPS BROKE THE STRIKE OF THE

AMERICAN RAILWAY UNION AGAINST THE PULLMAN

COMPANY. WE DON'T WANT A REPEAT OF CONDITIONS

UNDER WHICH MEN LIKE EUGENE DEBS AND HIS

FOLLOWERS WERE IMPRISONED.

IN OUR SEARCH FOR ALTERNATIVES, WE MUST
STAY WITHIN THE BOUNDARIES OF ECONOMIC
FREEDOM -- FOR THE WORKER AS WELL AS FOR
MANAGEMENT. WE MUST PROTECT OUR NATION
AGAINST PROGRAMS THAT WOULD TAKE FROM A
MAN EITHER HIS LABORS OR HIS MONEY AGAINST
HIS WILL.

WE MUST BUILD UPON THE HARD LESSONS
LEARNED IN THE PAST CENTURY. WE MUST CONTINUE
TO PROGRESS TOWARD THE ULTIMATE ERA OF
INDUSTRIAL PEACE AND UNDERSTANDING.

UNIONS AND MANAGEMENTS IN THE RAILROAD INDUSTRY THIS YEAR TOOK A GIANT STRIDE IN THAT DIRECTION BY NEGOTIATING NEW CONTRACTS IN A CLIMATE OF PEACE. FOR THE FIRST TIME !N YEARS, THE CRISIS SITUATION THAT HAD BEEN EVER-PRESENT IN RAIL NEGOTIATIONS WAS AVOIDED.

TIVES OF OLD AND HONORED UNIONS LIKE THE
RAILWAY CARMEN LEADING THE CAMPAIGN TO FIND
NEW WAYS TO MAKE COLLECTIVE BARGAINING WORK
BETTER.

I HAD THE PLEASANT EXPERIENCE EARLIER THIS
MONTH OF ADDRESSING A GROUP OF ENLIGHTENED
UNION AND MANAGEMENT LEADERS OF BURLINGTONNORTHERN.

THE AUDIENCE CONSISTED OF REPRESENTATIVES

OF YOUR UNION AND MORE THAN 20 OTHERS WHO

HAVE CONTRACTS WITH THE BURLINGTON-NORTHERN.

THE BURLINGTON-NORTHERN HAS A GOOD

RECORD OF LABOR-MANAGEMENT RELATIONS. BUT

IT HASN'T COME BY ACCIDENT. IT HAS COME BY

HARD WORK. IT HAS DEVELOPED FROM COUNTLESS

MEETINGS OF LABOR AND MANAGEMENT LEADERS

AT ALL LEVELS.

THEIR LINES OF COMMUNICATION ARE OPEN.

AND THEY HAVE LEARNED THAT SUCCESSFUL LABOR
RELATIONS REQUIRES MUTUAL UNDERSTANDING.

I WOULD LIKE TO SEE THIS PATTERN OF
LABOR-MANAGEMENT COMMUNICATION BECOME A
BEACON THAT OTHERS WILL FOLLOW.

BECAUSE AT ITS BEST, THERE IS NO SYSTEM
IN THE WORLD THAT CAN BRING GREATER REWAPDS
TO BOTH WORKERS AND INVESTORS THAN THE FREE
COLLECTIVE BARGAINING PROCESS.

WE AT THE FEDERAL MEDIATION AND CONCILIATION SERVICE ARE CONSTANTLY ON THE ALERT FOR
NEW IDEAS -- IDEAS THAT WILL PUT MORE SPEED
AND QUALITY INTO THE MEDIATION PROCESS.

THE ONLY REASON THAT WE EXIST AS A FEDERAL AGENCY -- AND THE ONLY REASON YOUR TAX MONEY IS USED TO KEEP US IN ACTION -- IS TO SERVE AS THE AGGRESSIVE PEACEMAKERS IN THE COLLECTIVE BARGAINING RING.

I AM CONVINCED THAT IN THE FIELD OF MEDIATION THERE IS AN ENORMOUS OPPORTUNITY TO

DEVELOP NEW TECHNIQUES THAT CAN LEAD TO A MORE
ACTIVE, MORE EFFICIENT ROLE FOR THE THIRD-PARTY
NEUTRAL.

CURRENT INDUSTRIAL CONDITIONS IN THE UNITED STATES LEND A SENSE OF URGENCY TO OUR SEARCH FOR THE BEST POSSIBLE LABOR RELATIONS TECHNIQUES -- BECAUSE WE IN AMERICA ARE IN THE CENTER OF A NEW EVOLUTION IN THE WORLD'S ECONOMY.

FOR SOME YEARS NOW, WE HAVE HEARD ABOUT "RUNAWAY" INDUSTRIES. FIRST, IT REFERRED TO COMPANIES THAT TOOK THEIR OPERATIONS FROM THE HIGHLY INDUSTRIALIZED NORTHEASTERN UNITED STATES TO THE SOUTH.

MORE RECENTLY, THE TERM HAS BEEN APPLIED TO AMERICAN-OWNED COMPANIES THAT HAVE RELOCATED PRODUCTION AND SERVICE FACILITIES IN FOREIGN LANDS.

TODAY WE ARE SEEING A REVERSE TWIST.

FOREIGN COMPANIES ARE INVESTING HUGE SUMS

OF MONEY IN PRODUCTION AND SERVICE FACILITIES

IN OUR NATION.

FOR THE FIRST TIME SINCE OUR EARLY HISTORY
WHEN THE ENGLISH DOMINATED ALL MANUFACTURING
IN OUR COLONIES -- WE ARE FINDING FOREIGN
INVESTORS OPERATING PRODUCTION AND SERVICE
FACILITIES IN THE UNITED STATES ON A MASSIVE
SCALE.

THE CHICAGO TRIBUNE JUST LAST WEEK TOLD
THE STORY OF A JAPANESE COMPANY THAT WAS
BEING SUED BY AN AMERICAN FIRM FOR
INFRINGING ON A PATENT.

AS THE TRIAL NEARED ITS END, AN OFFICIAL OF THE JAPANESE COMPANY WHISPERED TO HIS DEFENSE LAWYER:

"LET'S GET THE CHARGES DISMISSED."

"ON WHAT GROUNDS?" THE STUNNED LAWYER
ASKED.

"WE JUST BOUGHT OUT THE AMERICANS," WAS THE REPLY.

WELL, AFTER THE TRIAL, THE JAPANESE TEAM

MAY HAVE GONE TO THE KITANO HOTEL ON FASHIONABLE

PARK AVENUE AT 38th STREET IN MANHATTAN.

IT JUST OPENED THIS MONTH -- AND IS THE FIRST

JAPANESE-OWNED HOTEL IN THE HISTORY OF NEW

YORK CITY.

OR THEY MAY HAVE GONE TO GIMBEL'S -RATHER THAN TO AN AMERICAN-OWNED DEPARTMENT
STORE -- TO BUY THEIR WIVES SOME GIFTS.

THAT'S RIGHT. GIMBEL'S. A BRITISH

COMPANY JUST RECENTLY BOUGHT GIMBEL'S -
A TRICK THAT MACY'S WAS NEVER ABLE TO ACCOMPLIS

THE LIST OF FOREIGN-OWNED AMERICAN
BUSINESS IS LONG AND GROWING. HERE ARE BUT
A FEW EXAMPLES:

- -- TWO JAPANESE COMAPNIES HAVE JOINED
 TO CREATE THE AUBURN STEEL COMPANY, INC., IN
 AUBURN, N. Y. TO CONSTRUCT A STEEL-PRODUCING
 PLANT.
- -- A FRENCH TIREMAKER IS SPENDING 200
 MILLION DOLLARS TO CONSTRUCT TWO PLANTS IN
 SOUTH CAROLINA THAT WILL EMPLOY 1,800 WORKERS.
- -- A SWISS COMPANY, NESTLE'S, NOT TOO LONG AGO PAID LITTON INDUSTRIES 100 MILLION DOLLARS FOR STOUFFER FOODS.

- -- A JAPANESE COMPANY HAS INVESTED

 SIX MILLION DOLLARS IN A NEW PLANT ON A FORMER

 CORN FIELD IN WISCONSIN TO MANUFACTURE SOY

 SAUCE AND TERIYAKI SAUCE.
- -- BRITAIN'S LLOYD'S BANK CAME UP WITH

 II5 MILLION DOLLARS TO BUY CONTROL OF THE FIRST

 WESTERN BANK AND TRUST COMPANY IN CALIFORNIA.
- -- THE SONY CORPORATION -- JAPANESEOWNED -- IS ASSEMBLING COLOR TELEVISION SETS
 IN CALIFORNIA, AND PLANS TO PRODUCE TELEVISION
 PICTURE TUBES THERE.
- -- MAZDA -- THE COMPANY THAT MAKES THE CAR WITH THE ENGINE THAT GOES U-M-M-M-M, IS SPENDING 16 MILLION DOLLARS ON A NEW HEADQUARTERS BUILDING AND PARTS WAREHOUSE IN CALIFORNIA.

- -- THE KIWI SHOE POLISH THAT SO MANY
 OF US HAVE TAKEN A SHINE TO. . . . WELL, IT'S
 MADE IN THE UNITED STATES BY AN AUSTRALIAN
 FIRM.
- -- AN ITALIAN COMPANY IS NEGOTIATING
 TO BUY CONTROL OF THE RONSON CORPORATION.
- TENSTEIN COMPANY OWNS A PLANT THAT MAKES
 INDUSTRIAL FASTENERS IN MINNESOTA. AND IN
 PENNSYLVANIA, CARBONLESS COPYING PAPER IS
 PRODUCED IN A PLANT OWNED BY A FIRM HEADQUARTERED IN LUXEMBOURG.

THE PEOPLE OF SOUTH CAROLINA ARE NOW BRAGGING THAT THEIR STATE HAS MORE GERMAN MONEY THAN ANY COUNTRY IN THE WORLD OUTSIDE OF GERMANY.

IT MAY BE GERMAN MARKS OR SWISS FRANCS, BUT THE SOUTH CAROLINIANS HAVE A VALID POINT.

IN THE SOUTH CAROLINA COMMUNITY OF SPARTANBURG ALONE, TWO AUSTRIAN FIRMS, A CANADIAN COMPANY, AN ENGLISH CORPORATION, SEVEN WEST GERMAN COMPANIES AND SIX SWISSOWNED FIRMS ARE OPERATING PRODUCTION PLANTS.

THAT ADDS UP TO 17 COMPANIES IN ONE COMMUNITY IN JUST ONE OF THE 50 UNITED STATES.

IN ALL, SOUTH CAROLINA HAS LURED NEARLY 800 MILLION DOLLARS IN INVESTMENTS FROM 41 CORPORATIONS WHICH ARE HEADQUARTERED IN EIGHT FOREIGN NATIONS.

IN MY HOME STATE OF GEORGIA, WE HAVE 22 MANUFACTURING PLANTS THAT ARE OWNED AND OPERATED BY COMPANIES WITH HOME BASES IN FOREIGN LANDS.

THEY MAKE WIRE AND BEER AND KNIVES AND HYDRAULIC PRESSES AND ZIPPERS AND, YES, EVEN DANISH HAMS NOW COME FROM GAINESVILLE, GEORGIA. THEY ARE DANISH HAMS BECAUSE THEY ARE MADE BY COUNTRY FRESH FOODS, A DIVISION OF A DANISH COMPANY.

WHAT DOES THIS MEAN TO US -- PEOPLE WHO ARE PROFESSIONALS IN THE FIELD OF INDUSTRIAL RELATIONS?

I SUGGEST THAT IT MEANS THAT WE MUST WORK
TO GAIN A FAR WIDER KNOWLEDGE OF LABORMANAGEMENT RELATIONS.

WILL THESE COMPANIES BRING WITH THEM THE STANDARDS OF THEIR OWN LANDS? AND IF NOT, WILL THEIR AMERICAN MANAGEMENTS BE INFLUENCED BY THE INDUSTRIAL RELATIONS POLICIES OF THE HOME COUNTRY?

THE MANAGER OF THE SONY COMPANY HAS

SAID THAT THE ONLY THING JAPANESE ABOUT HIS

FIRM'S LABOR RELATIONS IS THAT -- AND THESE

ARE HIS WORDS AS REPORTED IN THE NEW YORK

TIMES:

"NOBCDY HIRED IS GOING TO BE FIRED.

THERE WILL BE NO LAYOFFS."

THAT'S GOOD TO HEAR. BUT IT IS A CONDITION OF WORK. AND IT DOES INVOLVE LABOR-MANAGEMENT RELATIONS.

A LARGE GERMAN CHEMICAL COMPANY REPORTS
THAT ITS WAGE COSTS IN SOUTH CAROLINA ARE 15
PERCENT LOWER THAN IN GERMANY. THAT, TOO,
IS A FACTOR OF LABOR RELATIONS.

SO IT BEHOOVES EACH OF US -- NOW -- TO

LEARN AS MUCH AS WE CAN ABOUT THE COLLECTIVE

BARGAINING PRACTICES OF OTHER NATIONS IF WE

ARE TO DO OUR JOB AS THE INDUSTRIAL RELATIONS

PEACEMAKERS OF THE UNITED STATES.

BY DOING THIS, WE WILL BETTER BE ABLE

TO SERVE THE FOREIGN COMPANIES WHO ARE

INVESTING IN PRODUCTION AND SERVICE FACILITIES

HERE . . . THE PEOPLE THEY EMPLOY . . .

THE COMMUNITIES THAT BECOME THEIR ADOPTED

HOMES . . . AND THE NATION THAT HAS MADE

THEM WELCOME.

THERE IS EVERY INDICATION THAT FOREIGN
INVESTMENT IN OUR LAND WILL ACCELERATE EVEN
BEYOND ITS CURRENT PACE.

THE DECLINE OF THE DOLLAR ON THE WORLD

MONEY MARKET. . . THE INCREASE IN TRANSPORTATION

COSTS. . . THE SHARP RISE IN WAGES AND EMPLOYEE

BENEFITS IN FOREIGN COUNTRIES -- ALL ARE MAKING

IT MORE ATTRACTIVE FOR FOREIGN CORPORATIONS TO

CREATE FACILITIES IN THE MIDST OF THE WORLD'S

GREATEST MARKET. THE UNITED STATES.

AS CONDITIONS CHANGE THE ART OF LABOR RELATIONS, SO TOO MUST THE MEDIATOR AND THE NEGOTIATOR CHANGE TO MEET THE MORE SOPHISTICATED BARGAINING SITUATIONS OF THE '70s.

I SINCERELY BELIEVE THAT A MORE ACTIVIST
APPROACH BY FMCS MEDIATORS WILL HAVE A
TELLING EFFECT ON OUR COMMITMENT TO LABOR MANAGEMENT PEACE.

BUT NO MATTER WHAT ACTION WE AT THE FMCS MAY TAKE, THE ULTIMATE SUCCESS OF THE FREE COLLECTIVE BARGAINING PROCESS DEPENDS UPON THE NEGOTIATORS -- THOSE WHO ARE GIVEN THE HONOR OF REPRESENTING THE BEST INTERESTS OF THE WORKER AND THE INVESTOR.

YOUR UNION HAS A TRADITION OF RESPONSIBILITY AND REASONABLENESS AT THE BARGAINING
TABLE. AND I SENSE HERE A DETERMINATION TO
STRENGTHEN AN ALREADY FINE RECORD OF
ACCOMPLISHMENT.

I AM CONFIDENT THAT WE WHO ARE DEDICATED
TO PROTECTING AND PROMOTING THE FREE COLLECTIVE
BARGAINING SYSTEM WILL BE ABLE TO DEPEND
UPON THE BROTHERHOOD OF RAILWAY CARMEN AS
TEAMMATES IN MEETING THE CHALLENGES THAT LIE
AHEAD.

OUR REWARD WILL COME IN THE KNOWLEDGE
THAT WE HAVE HELPED TO PRESERVE A PROCESS
THAT LETS MANKIND LIVE IN FREEDOM -- WITH
DIGNITY.