ON BEHALF OF THE ENTIRE FEDERAL

MEDIATION AND CONCILIATION SERVICE, I'M

PLEASED TO WELCOME YOU TO WASHINGTON AND

TO THIS CONFERENCE.

THIS IS THE FIRST NATIONAL CONFERENCE
OF COMMUNITY AND AREA LABOR-MANAGEMENT
COMMITTEES AND, WE HOPE, THE BEGINNING OF
AN ANNUAL EVENT.

AS THE AGENCY MANDATED BY CONGRESS FOR THE OVERALL RESPONSIBILITY FOR MEDIATION OF LABOR DISPUTES, WE HAVE A DEEP INTEREST AND AN ACTIVE ROLE TO PLAY IN THE CONTINUING DEVELOPMENT OF THE AREA LABOR-MANAGEMENT COMMITTEE CONCEPT.

WE ARE NO JOHNNY-COME-LATELY TO
THIS SCENE. OUR MEDIATORS HAVE BEEN ACTIVELY
INVOLVED IN AREA LABOR-MANAGEMENT COMMITTEES
SINCE JULY 9, 1963, WHEN COMM. GEORGE HUPP
SPEARHEADED THE ORGANIZATION OF THE
SOUTH BEND COMMITTEE. OTHER MEDIATORS HAVE
BEEN ACTIVELY INVOLVED IN JAMESTOWN, WESTERN
KENTUCKY, EVANSVILLE, GREEN BAY, PITTSBURGH,
THE MICHIGAN UPPER PENINSULA AND CHATTANOOGA,
TO NAME A FEW.

WE BELIEVE THAT OUR MEDIATORS SHOULD
PLAY A BROAD AND AN ACTIVE ROLE IN THE LABORMANAGEMENT COMMUNITY AND IN STRENGTHENING
THE AREA LABOR-MANAGEMENT COMMITTEE CONCEPT.
THEY HAVE THE CONTACTS, THE EXPERTISE AND A
SINCERE INTEREST IN THE OVERALL LABOR RELATIONS
CLIMATE IN THE COMMUNITIES THEY SERVE.

A PLANT CLOSING BECAUSE OF LABOR STRIFE IS A REFLECTION ON THE COLLECTIVE BARGAINING PROCESS; AND IT'S OUR JOB TO DO ALL WE CAN TO SEE THAT THE BARGAINING PROCESS WORKS EFFECTIVELY.

THE ROLE AT THE FMCS GOES BEYOND SIMPLY ASSISTING IN CONTRACT NEGOTIATION. IT EMBRACES THE OVERALL GOAL OF INDUSTRIAL PEACE. TRANSLATED INTO PRACTICAL TERMS. THAT MEANS SMOOTHING THE WORKING RELATIONSHIPS BETWEEN LABOR AND MANAGEMENT, HELPING TO INSURE UNINTERRUPTED PAYROLLS, CONTRIBUTING TO STABLE AND EXPANDING WORKFORCES. AND SUPPORTING SOUND INDUSTRIAL GROWTH AND DEVELOPMENT. GOALS THAT GO HAND IN HAND WITH THE WORK BEING DONE BY MOST ARE LABOR-MANAGEMENT COMMITTEE'S.

I HOPE THAT THESE OBSERVATIONS
ON HOW I PERCEIVE THE SERVICE'S RESPONSIBILITY
TO YOUR COMMUNITY PUTS OUR ROLE IN THIS
CONFERENCE INTO SHARPER PERSPECTIVE. THESE
THREE DAYS ARE INTENDED TO BRING YOUR
KNOWLEDGE AND EXPERIENCE UNDER ONE ROOF,
TO ENABLE US TO SHARE IDEAS AND EXPERIENCES
SO THAT THE AREA LABOR-MANAGEMENT COMMITTEE
CONCEPT MIGHT GO FORWARD.

AND I HOPE, TOO, THAT THIS

CONFERENCE CAN BE THE BEGINNING ON AN

ONGOING FORUM FOR THE EXCHANGE OF INFORMATION

AND DEVELOPMENTS AMONG YOUR COMMITTEES.

AS DIRECTOR OF THE SERVICE, I
WANT YOU TO KNOW THAT WE STAND READY TO
ASSIST YOU IN MAKING YOUR COMMITTEE MORE
EFFECTIVE. TO THOSE OF YOU IN THE "THINKING"
OR EARLY STAGES OF ORGANIZATION, I HOPE
THE EXPERIENCE HERE IS A WORTHWHILE ONE.

TO BOTH, LET ME EMPHASIZE I AND
THE ENTIRE STAFF OF THE FEDERAL MEDIATION
AND CONCILIATION SERVICE STAND WILLING
NOW AND IN THE FUTURE, HERE AND IN YOUR
OWN COMMUNITY, TO DO ALL WE CAN TO MAKE
THE ROAD A LITTLE EASIER AND, HOPEFULLY,
THE WORK OF YOUR COMMITTEES EVEN MORE
SUCCESSFUL.

BUT MOST OF US AGREE IT IS NOT WORTH
THE SACRIFICE OF INDIVIDUAL LIBERTIES TO ACHIEVE
SUCH A SOCIETY.

UNFORTUNATELY, WHEN IT COMES TO COL-LECTIVE BARGAINING, SOME PEOPLE LOSE THIS PER-SPECTIVE.

THEY SEEK EVERY IMAGINABLE ALTERNATIVE

TO STRIKES, BECAUSE THEY SEE THE PUBLIC SERVED

BEST WHEN THERE ARE NO STRIKES, JUST AS MUSSO

LINE SAW THE PUBLIC INTEREST SERVED BEST WHEN

THE TRAINS RAN ON JAME.

IF ANY SINGLE MESSAGE RANG THROUGH
LOUD AND CLEAR DURING LAST WEEK'S BICENTENNIAL
CELEBRATION, IT WAS THE SIMPLE MESSAGE THAT THIS
NATION WAS FOUNDED ON THE CONCEPT AND PRINCIPLES OF INDIVIDUAL LIBERTY.

Most people agree with this but, senthe relationship of those libertis to collective trong amp portionally the strike they AND LIBERTY FOR THE ORGANIZED WORKER
IN TODAY'S INDUSTRIALIZED ECONOMY BOILS DOWN
TO ONE THING: THE RIGHT TO WITHHOLD SERVICES
IN ORDER TO BARGAIN EQUALLY WITH MANAGEMENT.

RETURN TO THE ECONOMIC SERFDOM OF THE 19th

AND YET THERE IS A STRONG CASE TO

BE MADE ON BEHALF OF THE PUBLIC INTEREST -
AS OPPOSED TO THE INDIVIDUAL INTERESTS -- IN

ALMOST EVERY STRIKE.

PLANES OPERATE ON TIME, EVEN IF THERE ISN'T A
GOVERNMENT REGULATION REQUIRING THAT THEY

HAVE TO.

There may be a cose to be mode that in some instances the efforts of to give labor or boline g power with mornt may be worthy? rewen but carkerily met a surepring HOW DOES AN INDUSTRIALIZED DEMOCRACY
SUCH AS OURS BALANCE THE RIGHT OF INDIVIDUALS
TO STRIKE AGAINST THE PUBLIC INTEREST OF BEING
PROTECTED FROM STRIKES?

MEDIATION AND CONCILIATION SERVICE IS ADDRESSING ITSELF TO RIGHT NOW.

RENT PROGRAMS, I'D LIKE TO TALK A MOMENT
ABOUT THE CONCEPT OF MEDIATION, AND WHY IT
HAS WORKED SO WELL, ESPECIALLY IN RECENT
YEARS.

MEDIATION WORKS IN A FREE SOCIETY
BECAUSE IT IS TOTALLY NONCOMPULSIVE.

IT WORKS, NOT BECAUSE IT IS BACKED BY LAW OR GOVERNMENTAL AUTHORITY, BUT BE-CAUSE THE PARTIES WANT IT TO WORK.

IT WORKS BECAUSE THE MEDIATORS
THEMSELVES WANT IT TO WORK.

TAKE AWAY ITS PURITY BY ADDING ANY ELEMENT OF COMPULSION, AND YOU HAVE CHANGED ITS NATURE AND TURNED IT INTO AN INSTRUMENT OF GOVERNMENT POLICY.

TURN IT INTO AN INSTRUMENT OF GOVERN-MENT POLICY, AND IT WILL BE RESENTED AND MIS-TRUSTED BY BOTH SIDES.

AND YET THE FMCS IS A GOVERNMENT AGENCY AND AS SUCH FACES A DILEMMA.

HOW DO YOU MAKE MEDIATION MORE EFFECTIVE WITHOUT ALTERING ITS PURELY VOLUNTARY

AND NONCOMPULSORY NATURE?. Committee in called to bougini

How com FMCS we of asset in in reducery
STRIKES WITHOUT REDUCING THE RIGHT TO STRIKE?

This I me de des avenilely

FIRST, LIKE MUSSOLINI THE BUTLER, YOU HAVE TO BE A LITTLE AUDAGIOUS. Claring

SECOND, LIKE THE SPEAKER WHO FOLLOWED

MARK TWAIN, YOU HAVE TO BE A LITTLE INVENTIVE.

AND THIRD, LIKE MARK TWAIN HIMSELF,

YOU HAVE TO BE DAMN GOOD AT WHAT YOU DO.

BEING AUDACIOUS HAS MEANT GOING INTO CERTAIN AREAS OF LABOR-MANAGEMENT RELATIONS THAT THE SERVICE STAYED OUT OF IN THE PAST.

FOR EXAMPLE, IN RECENT YEARS WE HAVE

MADE OUR MEDIATION SERVICES AVAILABLE TO PUBLIC

SECTOR DISPUTANTS.

WE HAVE VENTURED INTO COOPERATIVE EFFORTS WITH BOTH LABOR AND MANAGEMENT TO HELP IMPROVE LABOR-MANAGEMENT RELATIONS AT THE PLANT LEVEL.

toldate

perhaps

IN OUR MOST AMBITIOUS PROGRAM, WE LEEN USED ALMOST TWEETERS WITH THE UNITED MINE WORKERS AND THE BITUMINOUS COAL OPERATORS ASSOCIATION TO IMPROVA LABOR-MANAGEMENT RELATIONS IN THE MINES, REDUCE THE NUMBER AND SEVERITY OF WILDCAT STRIKES, AND GENERALLY EASE TENSION AND, WE HOPE, IMPROVE PRODUCTIVITY IN THE COAL FIELDS.

THAT PROGRAM HAS TAKEN TIME TO

DEVELOP. NOW WE ARE TRAINING MEMBERS OF THE

UNITED MINE WORKERS AND TEACHING THEM TO BE

INSTRUCTORS. IN A FEW MONTHS, WE WILL BE

TRAINING MANAGEMENT PERSONNEL AS WELL.

IN IOWA, WE HELPED TRAIN AN ENTIRE
CADRE OF AD HOC MEDIATORS FOR THE STATE AND
HELPED THEIR NEW PUBLIC SECTOR BARGAINING
LAW GET OFF TO A GOOD START.

IN SIX MONTHS WE WERE INVOLVED IN
MORE THAN 200 CASES IN IOWA. AND NOT ONE
STRIKE!

THIS YEAR FOR THE FIRST TIME WE TARGETED 200 KEY AREAS WHERE IMPORTANT CONSTRUCTION
BARGAINING WOULD BE OCCURING.

WE GOT OUR MEDIATORS INVOLVED EARLY.

THIS YEAR CONSTRUCTION STRIKES ARE
then but her expected, celtheup then
RUNNING LESS TOKAN HALE OF WHAT THEY DED A YEAR
and my other forton involved.

BEING AUDACIOUS, THOUGH, ISN'T ENOUGH UNLESS YOU ARE INVENTIVE.

ONE OF THE PROBLEMS WE RECOGNIZED

SEVERAL YEARS AGO IS THAT EVEN WITH THE BEST

OF INTENTIONS, WE DIDN'T ALWAYS HAVE THE PROGRAMS TO ACCOMPLISH THE RESULTS WE WANTED.

WE FOUND, FOR EXAMPLE, THAT WHERE A
SERIOUS BREAKDOWN IN LABOR-MANAGEMENT RELATIONS HAD OCCURRED BETWEEN A UNION AND AN EMPLOYER, BOTH SIDES FREQUENTLY WANTED TO IMPROVE
CONDITIONS. BUT NEITHER SIDE KNEW WHERE TO
START.

MEETINGS WITH THE PARTIES FREQUENTLY
PRODUCED STATEMENTS OF GOOD INTENTIONS, BUT
OFTEN LITTLE ACHIEVEMENT OF LASTING VALUE.

SO WE BECAME INVENTIVE. WE DEVELOPED
A NEW TECHNIQUE OF TECHNICAL ASSISTANCE CALLED
RELATIONSHIPS BY OBJECTIVES, OR RBO.

UNDER AN RBO PROGRAM, AND THERE HAVE
BEEN SEVERAL DOZEN CARRIED OUT TO DATE, BOTH
PARTIES ARE ASKED TO COME TOGETHER FOR A THREEDAY SESSION.

DURING THOSE THREE DAYS, THE PARTIES

ARE ASKED TO LIST THEIR OBJECTIVES FOR GOOD

LABOR-MANAGEMENT RELATIONS, THEIR COMPLAINTS

ABOUT THE OTHER SIDE, THEIR GOALS.

THEN, WORKING TOGETHER, THEY ARE
ASKED TO DRAW UP MUTUALLY AGREEABLE OBJECTIVES.

FINALLY, THEY ARE ASKED TO MAP OUT
A WAY TO ACHIEVE THOSE OBJECTIVES AND A SYSTEM OF MONITORING THEIR PROGRESS.

IN SHORT, THE PARTIES ARE FORCED TO DO THE WORK, SET THEIR OWN GOALS, AND CARRY THEM OUT.

PROGRAMS SO FAR, THE RESULTS HAVE MET OR EXCEEDED OUR EXPECTATIONS.

I might throw a little and acity book not thus & report that we only recently completed a RBO for Newtrind adultion of the ACEA. a little overty been charten

ANOTHER AREA THAT WE TOOK A LOOK A LO

WE ALSO THAT NOT ENOUGH RESEARCH HAD BEEN DONE IN THIS AREA. TWO YEARS
AGO WE BEGAN PUTTING TOGETHER A COMPREHENSIVE;
STUDY ON AREA LABOR-MANAGEMENT COMMITTEES.

NATIONWIDE CONFERENCE OF LABOR-MANAGEMENT of the subject to be able to approximately a training of joint of the parties. A training of the parties we also found that even the parties sometimes have confused ideas about collective bargaining and how it works. And the

ROLE THAT MEDIATION PLAYS. SO WE MADE SOME

by your neft yearlen - in a even

AUDACITY AND INVENTIVENESS ARE

FINE. BUT IN MY OPINION THE THIRD ELEMENT

THAT IS HELPING MAKE MEDIATION EVEN MORE

EFFECTIVE TODAY IS THE MOST IMPORTANT ELE
MENT OF ALL.

TALENT.

THE FEDERAL MEDIATION AND CONCILIATION SERVICE HAS NOT ALWAYS ENJOYED THE FAVORABLE REPUTATION THAT IT HAS TODAY.

ONE REASON IS BECAUSE IN THE PAST SOME OF OUR MEDIATORS, TO BE QUITE CANDID, SIMPLY WOULDN'T MEASURE UP TO TODAY'S HIGH STANDARDS.

THE OLD SAYING THAT ONE BAD APPLE SPOILS THE BARREL IS NOWHERE MORE TRUE THAN IT IS IN A SMALL AGENCY SUCH AS OURS WHERE THE REPUTATION OF THE SERVICE AND THE MEDIATORS WHO MAKE UP THE SERVICE DEPEND ON OUR CONTINUED ACCEPTANCE BY THE PARTIES.

TO MAKE MEDIATION MORE EFFECTIVE MEANS MAKING MEDIATORS MORE EFFECTIVE.

AND AN EFFECTIVE MEDIATOR IS, ABOVE

ALL, SOMEONE WITH TALENT, INTEGRITY, CHARACTER,
RESOURCEFULNESS, INTELLIGENCE, PERSONALITY AND
IMPARTIALITY.

THOSE OF YOU WITH AN INDUSTRY BACK-GROUND NO HOW IMPORTANT QUALITY CONTROL IS IN ESTABLISHING A CONTINUING MARKET FOR YOUR PRODUCT.

I BELIEVE ESTABLISHING A CONTINUING MARKET FOR MEDIATION REQUIRES THE HIGHEST POSSIBLE QUALITY CONTROL IN SELECTING OUR MEDIATORS, GIVING THEM PROPER TRAINING AND EXPERIENCE, AND PAY AND MOTIVATION TO DRAW THE BEST FROM THEM.

THERE I BELIEVE YOU SEE IN A NUTSHELL HOW I SEE THE FMCS, MANON IN THE FUTURE.

I SEE IT AS AN ORGANIZATION DEDICATED
TO MAINTAINING THE VOLUNTARY, NONCOMPULSORY
NATURE OF MEDIATION.

YET I SEE IT GROWING IN EFFECTIVENESS
BY CONTRIBUTING ITS VOLUNATRY SERVICES IN NEW
AREAS, BY DEVELOPING NEW PROGRAMS AND APPROAC
APPROACHES TO LABOR-MANAGEMENT PROBLEMS, AND
BY CONTINUING TO IMPROVE THE PROFESSIONALISM
OF THE MOST IMPORTANT PERSON IN OUR ORGANIZATION.

NOT ME. NOT MY MANEDIATE STAFF. BUT
THE MEDIATOR IN THE FIELD, THE MEDIATOR ON THE
CASE.

Surround all & this is the need for those I was in parition I mant to do the part possible job to prawish the field commission with the best tovers + leveludy's we can muster. It is for this ream I have the field complement your monagent organisation in C. trada to hip think were rate in LET ME SAY AS SORT OF A FOOTNOTE,

THAT ONE OF THE CHALLENGES FACING THE SERVICE

TODAY IS THE CHANGING CHARACTER AND INCREASING

COMPLEXITY OF COLLECTIVE BARGAINING.

BUT SINCE I'M RUNNING OUT OF TIME -AND IT'S HIS TOPIC ANYWAY -- I'M GOING TO LET
DR. DUNLOP TALK ABOUT THAT.

JUST DON'T LET HIM TELL YOU THAT I GAVE HIS SPEECH.

THANK YOU.

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